

TEST No. 48

TOPIC: state administration

SUBJECT: INDIAN POLITY

Explanation:

Question 1

Answer B

Explanation:

He can grant pardons, reprieves, respites and remissions of punishment or suspend, remit and commute the sentence of any person convicted of any offence against any law relating to a matter to which the executive power of the state extends AFTER consulting cabinet

Question 2

Answer C

Explanation: As per Article 169, if the Legislative Assembly passes a resolution for abolishing or creating of the Legislative Council by a majority of the total membership of the assembly and by a majority of not less than two- third of the members present and voting, the Parliament may approve the resolution by a simple majority.

Question 3

Answer A

Explanation: One- third of the members are elected by local bodies, one- third by legislative assembly, one-twelfth by university graduates of atleast 3yrs standing, similar proportion by teachers (not less than secondary school) of atleast 3 yrs standing & one- sixth nominated by the Governor from among those persons who distinguish themselves in literature, science or social service.

Question 4

Answer D

Explanation: Legislative Council CANNOT discuss and vote on the demands for grants.

Legislative Council CANNOT participate in the elections of President of India

Question 5

Answer A

Explanation: advocate General of a state is appointed by the GOVERNOR
His/Her salary is paid from the Consolidated Fund of STATE.

Question 6

Answer C

Explanation: ALL STATEMENTS ARE CORRECT

Question 7

Answer C

Explanation: The present day office of the district collector was created in 1772 by lord warren hastings, the then governor of india.