

**TEST No. 17**

**TOPIC: CLIMATIC REGIONS**

**SUBJECT: PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY**

**Explanation:**

Question 1

Answer: A

Explanation: High temperature and abundant rainfall in the equatorial regions support a luxuriant type of vegetation- the tropical rain forest. In the Amazon lowlands, the forest is so dense and so complete in its vegetational extravagance that a special term 'selvas' is used.

Question 2

Answer: C

Explanation: In North America, the desert extends from Mexico into U.S.A. and is called by different names at different places, e.g. the Mohave, Sonoran, Californian and Mexican Deserts.

Question 3

Answer: B

Explanation: The savanna landscape is typified by tall grass and short trees.

Question 4

Answer: D

Explanation: the sudan type of climate is characterized by an alternate hot, rainy season and cool, dry season. In the northern hemisphere, the hot, rainy season normally begins in may and lasts until September. The rest of the year is cool and dry.

Question 5

Answer: C

Explanation: The diurnal range of temperature in Equatorial Climate is small and so is the annual range.

Question 6

Answer: C

Explanation: all statements are correct.

Question 7

Answer: B

Explanation: first statement is wrong. There is high pressure belt between latitudes of  $15^{\circ}$  and  $30^{\circ}$  N. and S.

Question 8

Answer: A

Explanation: Mid-Latitude deserts are not on high pressure belts