

## TEST No. 30

### TOPIC: Minerals

### SUBJECT: INDIAN GEOGRAPHY

#### Explanation:

Question 1

Answer A

Explanation: Khetri mines in Rajasthan is known for copper. Manbhandar is in Jharkhand famous for copper.

Badampahar in Orissa and Kudarmukh In Karnataka are the important mines of iron ore in the country.

More than 99% of the total zinc in India is produced in Zawar area in Udaipur district of Rajasthan. The manganese belt of Madhya Pradesh extends in a belt in Balaghat-Chhindwara-Nimar-Mandla and Jabua districts.

Question 2

Answer C

Explanation: Lignite-also known as brown coal. It is a lower grade coal and contains about 40 to 55% carbon. It is found in Palna of Rajasthan, **neyveli of Tamil Nadu**, Lakhimpur of Assam and Karewa of Jammu and Kashmir.

The major oil fields of Gujarat are Ankaleshwar, **Kalol**, Mehsana, Nawagam, Kosamba and Lunej.

Jharkhand has some of the oldest iron ore mines and most of the iron and steel plants are located around them. Most of the important mines such as **Noamundi** and Gua are located in Poorbi and Pashchimi Singhbhum districts.

More than 99% of the total zinc in India is produced in Zawar area in Udaipur district of Rajasthan. The ore of lead is Galena. Over 94% of it is produced by Rajasthan followed by Andhra Pradesh.

Question 3

Answer B

Explanation: Wolfram is the ore of 'Tungsten'. Over 95% of the wolfram is used by the steel industry, wolfram deposits are mainly in Degana (Rajasthan) and Chendpathai in Bankura district (west Bengal).

Question 4

Answer C

Explanation: In Orissa, iron ore occurs in a series of hill ranges in Sundergarh, Mayurbhanj and Jhar. The important mines are Gurumahisani, Sulaipet, Badampahar (Mayurbhanj), Kiruburu (Kendujhar) and Bonai (Sundergarh). Similar hill ranges, Jharkhand has some of the oldest iron ore mines and most of the iron and steel plants are located around them. Most of the important mines such as Noamundi and Gua are located in Poorbi and Pashchimi Singhbhum districts. This belt further extends to Durg, Dantewara and Bailadila in Chhattisgarh. Dalli, and Rajhara in Durg are the important mines of iron ore in the country. In Karnataka, iron ore deposits occur in Sandur-Hospet area of Bellary district, Baba Budan hills

and Kudremukh in Chikmagalur district and parts of Shimoga, Chitradurg and Tumkur districts.

Question 5

Answer B

Explanation: **State and their share in iron reserves**

<b>State</b>	<b>(%) share</b>
Jharkhand	25
Orissa	21
Karnataka	20
MP and Chhattisgarh	18
Goa	11

Question 6

Answer A

Explanation:

The most important Gondwana coalfields of India are located in Damodar Valley. They lie in Jharkhand-Bengal coal belt and the important coal fields in this region are Raniganj, Jharia, Bokaro, Giridih, Karanpura. Jharia is the largest coal field followed by Raniganj.

Question 7

Answer C

Explanation: Hospet area of Bellary district is in Karnataka

Question 7

Answer B

Explanation: Sarswati and rajeshwari are two on shore oil blocks in barmer (rajasthan ) discovered recently.