

**TEST No. 18**

**TOPIC: CLIMATIC REGIONS**

**SUBJECT: PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY**

**Explanation:**

Question 1

Answer: B

Explanation: FIRST statement is wrong, because Temperate grasslands are far more extensive in northern hemisphere than southern hemisphere because of dominance of land in northern hemisphere.

Question 2

Answer: B

Explanation: FIRST statement is wrong, because Steppe are temperate grasslands

Question 3

Answer: A

Explanation: Conditions in the Mediterranean do not suit grass because most of the rain comes in the cool season when growth is slow. Slow-growing vegetation, which cannot replenish its foliage readily, and which is without deep-penetrating roots, is least suited here. Even if grasses do survive, they are so wiry and bunchy that they are not suitable for animal farming. Cattle rearing is thus unimportant in the Mediterranean.

The Mediterranean lands receive most of their precipitation in winter.

Question 4

Answer: D

Explanation: all statements are correct.

Question 5

Answer: D

Explanation: In Eurasia, Temperate grasslands are called the steppes, In North America, the Grasslands are also quite extensive and are called prairies, pampas of Argentina and Uruguay, veld in south Africa.

Question 6

Answer: D

Explanation: Savana is a type of tropical grasslands in Africa. High temperature and abundant rainfall in the equatorial regions support a luxuriant type of vegetation- the tropical rain forest. In the Amazon lowlands, the forest is so dense and so complete in its vegetational extravagance that a special term 'selvas' is used.

Question 7

Answer: B

Explanation: temperate grasslands grasses are MORE nutritious than tropical grasslands

Question 8

Answer: C

Explanation: all statements are correct